

Vessel Speed Reduction

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Vessel Speed Reduction

- Speed Reductions for:
 - Environmental Issues
 - Reduce emissions
 - Protect marine mammals
 - Prevent shoreline erosion
 - Lower Fuel Consumption

Air Emissions

- Vessel Air Emissions:
 - Oxides of Nitrogen (NO_x)
 - Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)
 - Sulfur Oxides (SO_x)
 - Particulate Matter (PM)
- Reduction in NO_x

Ports of Los Angeles / Long Beach

- Clean Air Action Plan (CAAP)
 - Goal: Reduce port related emissions by at least 45% by 2011
 - Ocean going vessels = 48% of total port related emissions
- Voluntary Vessel Speed Reduction Program
 - MOU between agencies & Industry in 2001

LA/LB Voluntary Vessel Speed Reduction Program

- Goal
 - Reduce NOx emissions from ocean going vessels
- Method
 - 12 knots
 - 20 nm from harbor entrance
- Program Results
 - Approximate reduction of 100 tons of NOx/quarter
 - Average daily savings of 1.1 tons of NOx
 - *Source: Port of Los Angeles*



APL LA/LB VSR Participation

- Longstanding Partner
 - One of the first companies to sign on
- Our Policy
 - 100% compliance
 - No exceptions policy
 - Maintained even if the vessel is late
- Sound Environmental Stewardship

VSR Program Considerations

- Data Representation
 - One vessel per year @ 12 knots = 100%
 - Frequent callers
 - APL – approximately 350 vessels / year
- Calculation of Speed not Exact
 - Vessel speed over the ground \neq VTS recorded speed

VSR Program Considerations (continued)

- VSR is Not Free
 - Domino Effect
 - Delays in LA could result in late train arrivals on the East Coast
 - Missed berth windows overseas
 - Idle Gangs
 - Delayed Trains & Availability of Freight
 - Terminal Congestion & Productivity
 - Additional Fuel Burned

VSR Program Considerations (continued)

- Level of Speed Restriction
 - 12 knots – defensible choice?
 - 12 knots on a 26 knot linehaul vessel = slow ahead
 - 12 knots on a 600 TEU/14 knot feeder vessel = full ahead
 - Neither may result in reduced emissions
 - 12 knot calculations do not include:
 - Boiler emissions vs. Shaft generator operation
 - Diesel generator emissions
- Area of Coverage
 - 20 nm from harbor entrance may be appropriate for LA/LB, but not in other systems e.g. Puget Sound

VSR Program Considerations (continued)

- Engineering
 - Modern diesels emit less NOx/SOx at higher speeds vs. lower
 - Liner Vessels @ 8% of Manufacturer's Continuous Rating (MCR) at 12 kts
 - Extended operation = problems e.g. economizer fires
 - Well off the power curve / not operating economically
 - VSR Program Design Criteria
 - Make, Model, BHP, Age, Type of Fuel
- Program Management

Conclusion

- Optimize vs. Flat Reduction Policy
 - Engineering
 - Review and determine optimal reduced speeds for engine types
 - Obtain the greatest reductions in NOx for reduced speeds
 - Flat 12 knots reduces the incentive for new vessels
- Participation – Level the Playing Field
 - Metrics to include number of vessels
- Sound Environmental Stewardship
- Los Angeles/Long Beach
 - Good first step
 - Replicate? Instead, leverage the results for improved programs

Thank You

